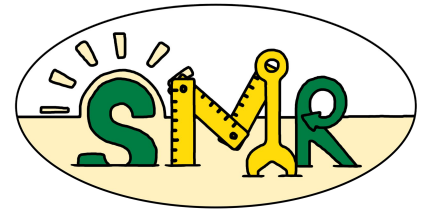


Tackling Variability Implementation Challenges in Eclipse OMR

Batyr Nuryyev, Sarah Nadi, Leonardo Banderali

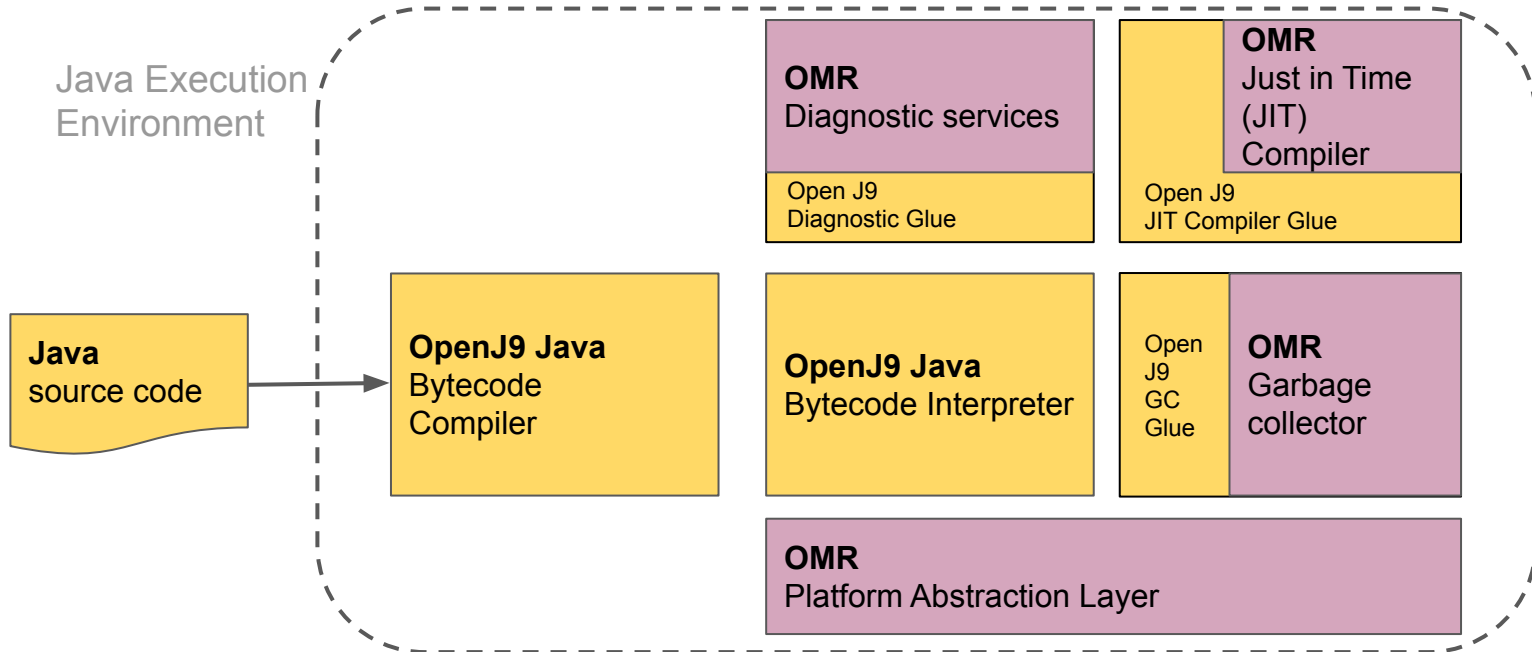
{nuryyev, nadi}@ualberta.ca

leob@ibm.com



Eclipse OMR

Eclipse OMR is a set of **reusable** C++ components for building language runtimes such as **JIT compiler** and **garbage collector**.



Variability in Eclipse OMR

Languages

(Java, Python,
etc.)

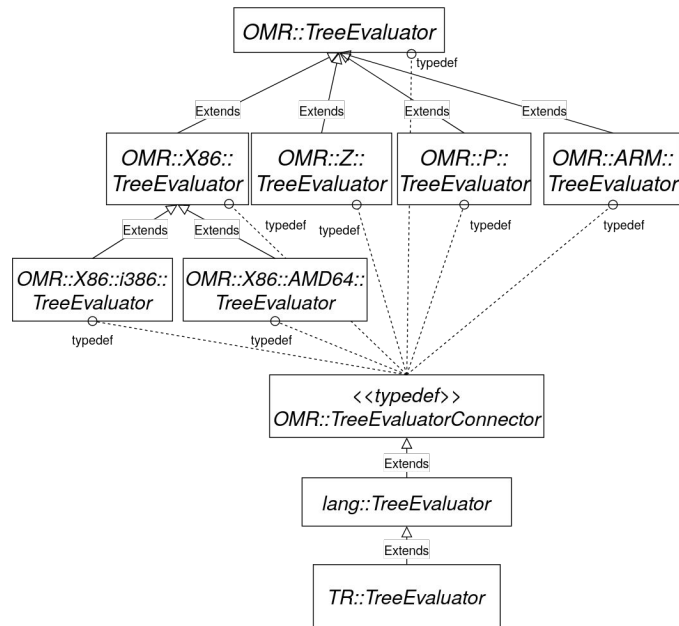
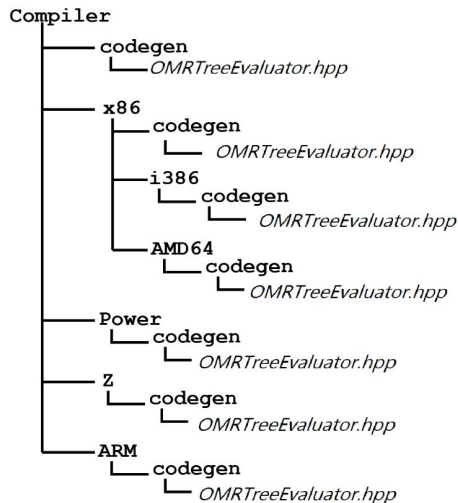
Architectures

(x86, ARM,
Power, Z)

OMR's current variability mechanism in **Compiler** component

OMR's variability mechanism

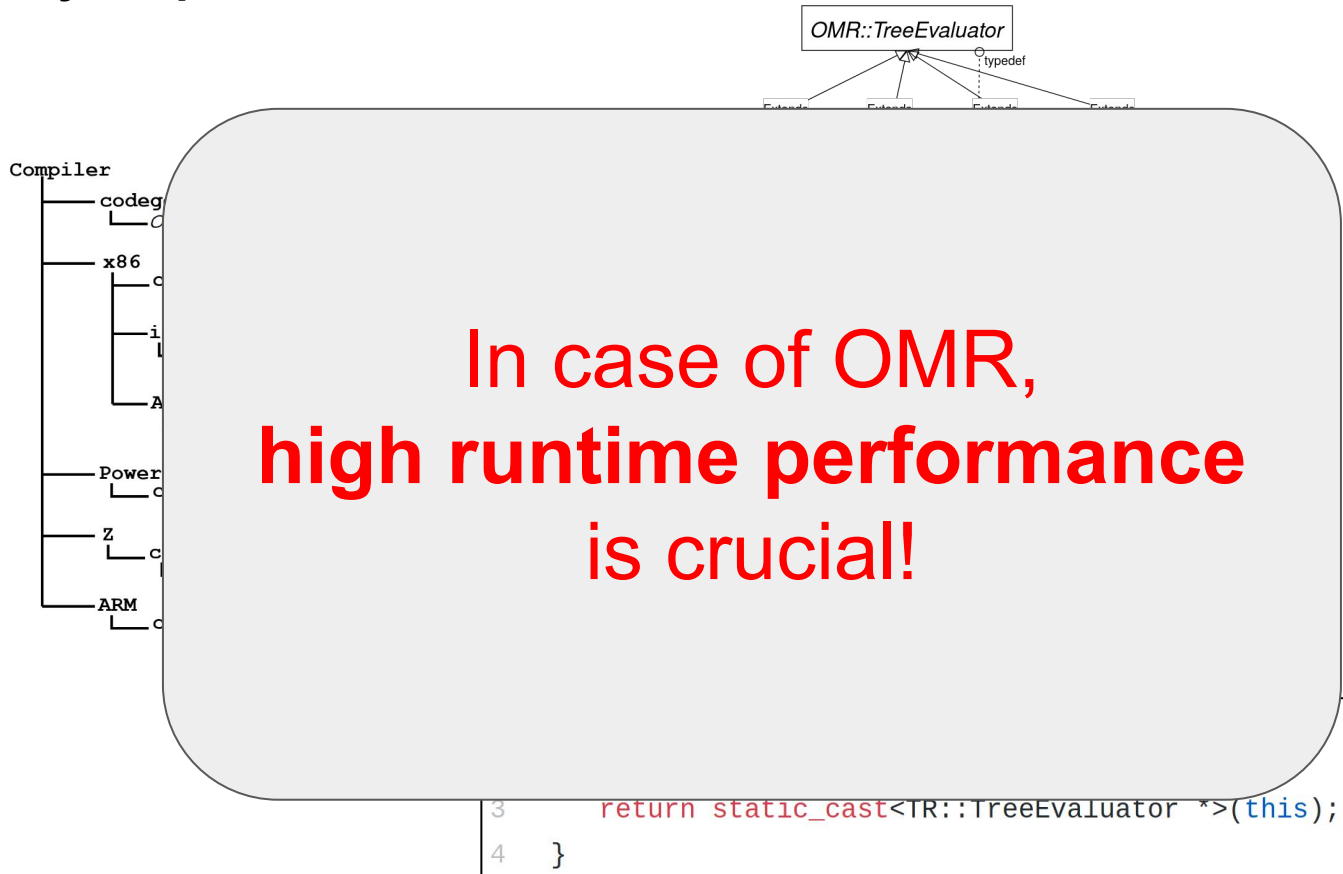
Static polymorphism/extensible classes



```
1 TR::TreeEvaluator * OMR::TreeEvaluator::self()  
2 {  
3     return static_cast<TR::TreeEvaluator *>(this);  
4 }
```

OMR's variability mechanism

Static polymorphism/extensible classes



Project Goal

Help OMR developers understand variability in their code and investigate variability implementation alternatives

2017-2018: Static polymorphism is a root of all problems



Static polymorphism

2017-2018: Static polymorphism is a root of all problems

Too complex

Static polymorphism

2017-2018: Static polymorphism is a root of all problems

Too complex

Static polymorphism

We tried to switch to
dynamic polymorphism

Dynamic polymorphism

SPLC 2018

Using Static Analysis to Support Variability Implementation Decisions in C++

Samer AL Masri, Sarah Nadi
University of Alberta
AB, Canada
{almasrinadi}@ualberta.ca

Matthew Gaudet*
Mozilla
Ottawa, ON, Canada
mgaudet@mozilla.com

Xiaoli Liang, Robert W. Young
IBM Canada
Markham, ON, Canada
{xsliang,rwyong}@ca.ibm.com

CASCON 2017

Software Variability Through C++ Static Polymorphism

A Case Study of Challenges and Open Problems in Eclipse OMR

Samer AL Masri[†], Nazim Uddin Bhuiyan[†], Sarah Nadi[†], Matthew Gaudet[‡]
University of Alberta[†], IBM Canada[‡]
{almasri,nazimudd,nadi}@ualberta.ca, magaudet@ca.ibm.com

Dynamic polymorphism

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CASCON 2017

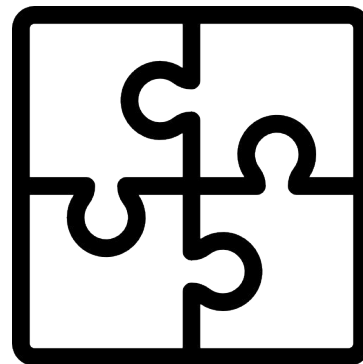
Software Variability Through C++ Static Polymorphism

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{almasri,nazimudd,nadi}@ualberta.ca, magaudet@ca.ibm.com

However, there are constraints and requirements that dynamic polymorphism cannot resolve.

In **2018-2019**, We took a step back to get a **complete picture of all the current challenges**.



Our Goal (2018-2020)

Identify current design challenges
and explore any design alternatives.

Steps

I. Identifying requirements

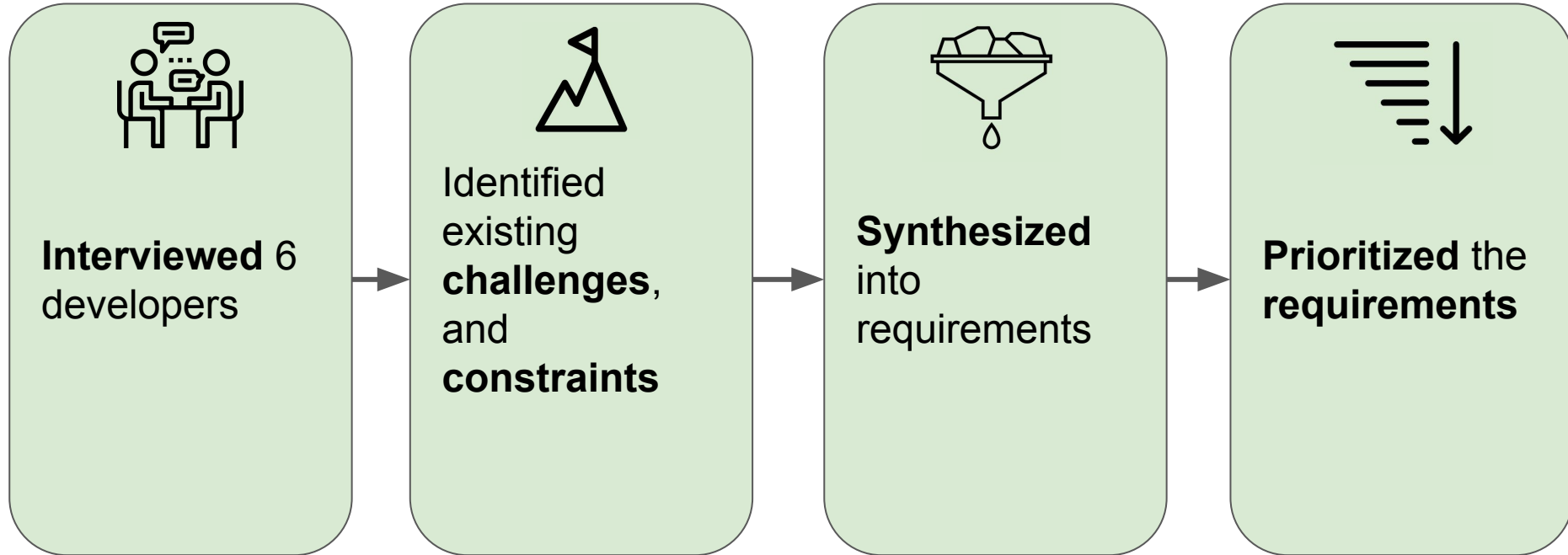
A. Example: C++ enum extensibility

II. Exploring solutions

A. Literature exploration

B. Industrial case studies

Step I: Identifying Requirements



Interview icon made by Becris from www.flaticon.com

Challenge icon made by Larea from www.thenounproject.com

Synthesis icon made by Deivid Sáenz from www.thenounproject.com

Priorities icon made by Phạm Thanh Lộc from www.thenounproject.com

Challenges, constraints, and requirements

Simplicity and
usability

Mechanism for
extending C++
enums/unions

No strongly
connected
components
(e.g., templates)

Enable **finer**
control over
extension points

More
streamlined
consistency
checks

Varying
constructors
across
archs/langs

All requirements are listed here: <https://youtu.be/F7FIE1QIUAE>

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Example:
C++ Enum/Union Extensibility Problem

Requirements Example

C++ Enum/Union Extensibility Problem

Opcodes.hpp

```
// enum values
iconst, // load int const
lconst, // load long const
fconst, // load float const
```

```
enum ILOpCodes
{
#include "il/Opcodes.hpp"
extraOpcode1
extraOpcode2
};
```

OpcodeEnum.hpp

OpcodeProps.hpp

```
// Opcode A
{
/* .name          = */ "iconst",
/* .properties1 = */
ILOpCodes::LoadConst,
/* other props ...*/
},

// Opcode B
{
/* .name          = */ "lconst",
...
},
// ...
```

Requirements Example

C++ Enum/Union Extensibility Problem

Opcodes.hpp

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    ILProp1::LoadConst,  
    /* other props ...*/  
},  
  
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    /* .name          = */ "lconst",  
    ...  
},  
  
// ...
```

Requirements Example

C++ Enum/Union Extensibility Problem

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OpcodeEnum.hpp

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    /* other props ...*/  
},  
  
// Opcode B  
{  
    /* .name          = */ "lconst",  
    ...  
},  
// ...
```

Requirements Example

C++ Enum/Union Extensibility Problem

Opcodes.hpp

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// enum values
iconst, // load int const
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fconst, // load float const
```

```
enum ILOpCodes
{
#include "il/Opcodes.hpp"
extraOpcode1
extraOpcode2
};
```

OpcodeEnum.hpp

==

OpcodeEnum.hpp after preprocessing

```
enum ILOpCodes
{
iconst, // load int const
lconst, // load long const
fconst, // load float const
extraOpcode1
extraOpcode2
};
```

Requirements Example

C++ Enum/Union Extensibility Problem

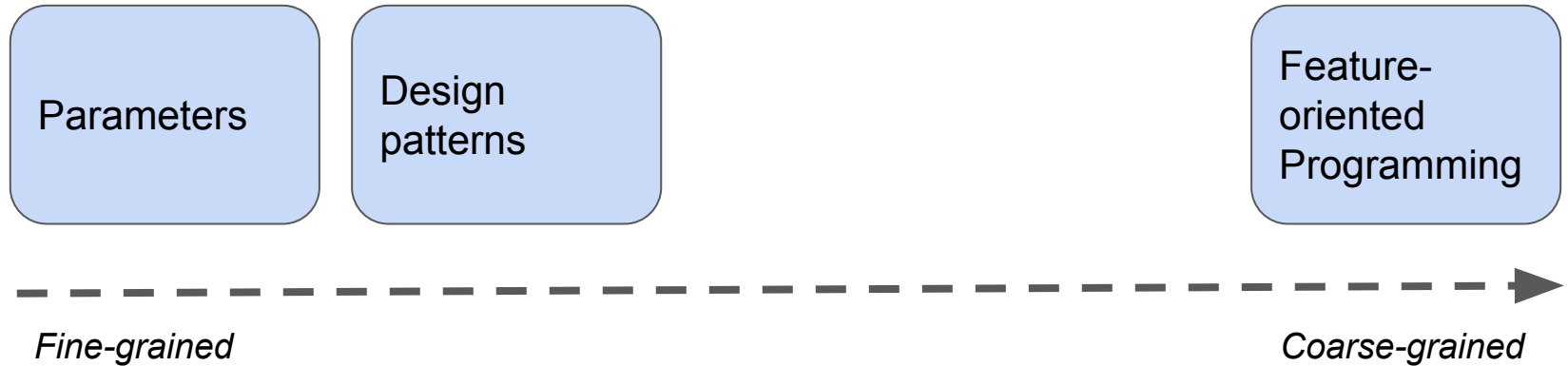
OMRILOpCodesEnum.hpp

```
// NOTE: IF you add opcodes or change the order then you must fix the
following
//      files (at least): ./ILOpCodeProperties.hpp
//
//      compiler/ras/Tree.cpp (2 tables)
//      compiler/optimizer/SimplifierTable.hpp
//      compiler/optimizer/ValuePropagationTable.hpp
//      compiler/x/amd64/codegen/TreeEvaluatorTable.cpp
//      compiler/x/i386/codegen/TreeEvaluatorTable.cpp
//      compiler/p/codegen/TreeEvaluatorTable.cpp
//      compiler/z/codegen/TreeEvaluatorTable.cpp
//      compiler/aarch64/codegen/TreeEvaluatorTable.cpp
//      compiler/arm/codegen/TreeEvaluatorTable.cpp
//      compiler/il/OMRILOpCodesEnum.hpp
//      compiler/il/ILOpCodes.hpp
// Also check tables in ../codegen/ILOps.hpp
```


Step II: Exploring solutions

Study existing mechanisms from
the software variability literature

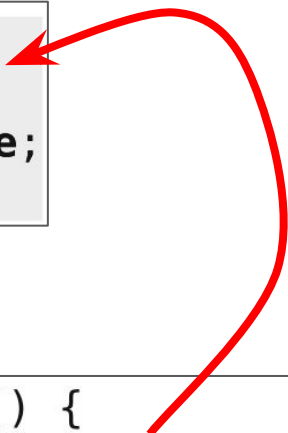
Exploring alternatives



+ *Compile-time, load-time, and run-time*

Existing mechanisms: **Parameters**

```
1 class Conf {  
2     public static boolean COLORED = true;  
3     public static boolean WEIGHTED = false;  
4 }
```



```
41 void print() {  
42     if (Conf.COLORED)  
43         Color.setDisplayColor(color);  
44     System.out.print(id);  
45 }
```

Existing mechanisms: **Parameters**

Pros

- Easy to use and understand
- Most languages *naturally* support this mechanism (*if* statements)

Cons

- Creates code bloat
- Adds run-time overhead

Existing mechanisms: **Parameters**

Pros

- Easy to use and understand
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Cons

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In OMR

- ✓ Simple and easy to understand
- ✗ Does not address all requirements (e.g., enum extensions, need for varying constructors)

Existing mechanisms: **Design patterns**

Pros

- Well known patterns
- Disciplined guidelines

Cons

- Pre-planning is necessary
- Boilerplate code

Existing mechanisms: **Design patterns**

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- Well known patterns
- Disciplined guidelines

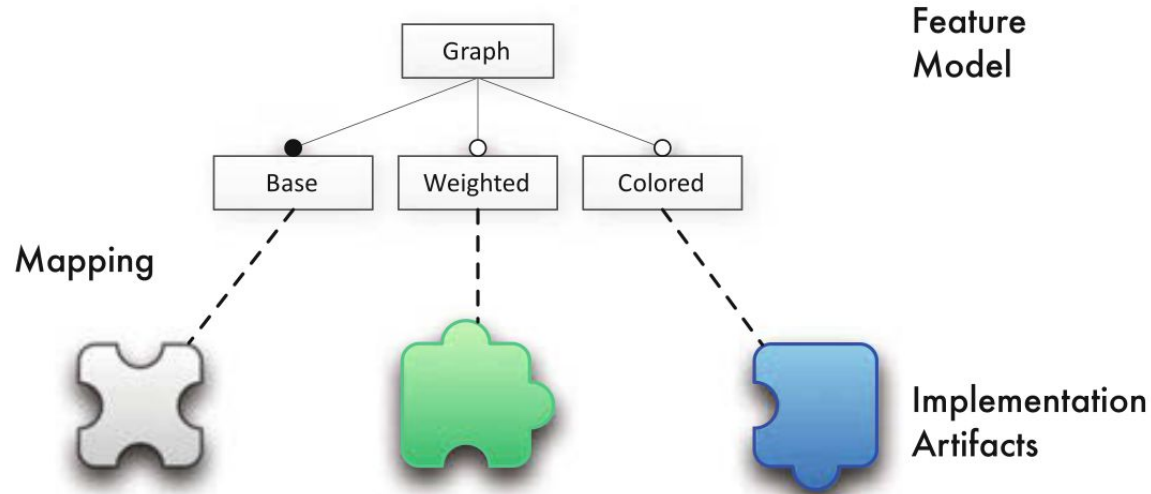
Cons

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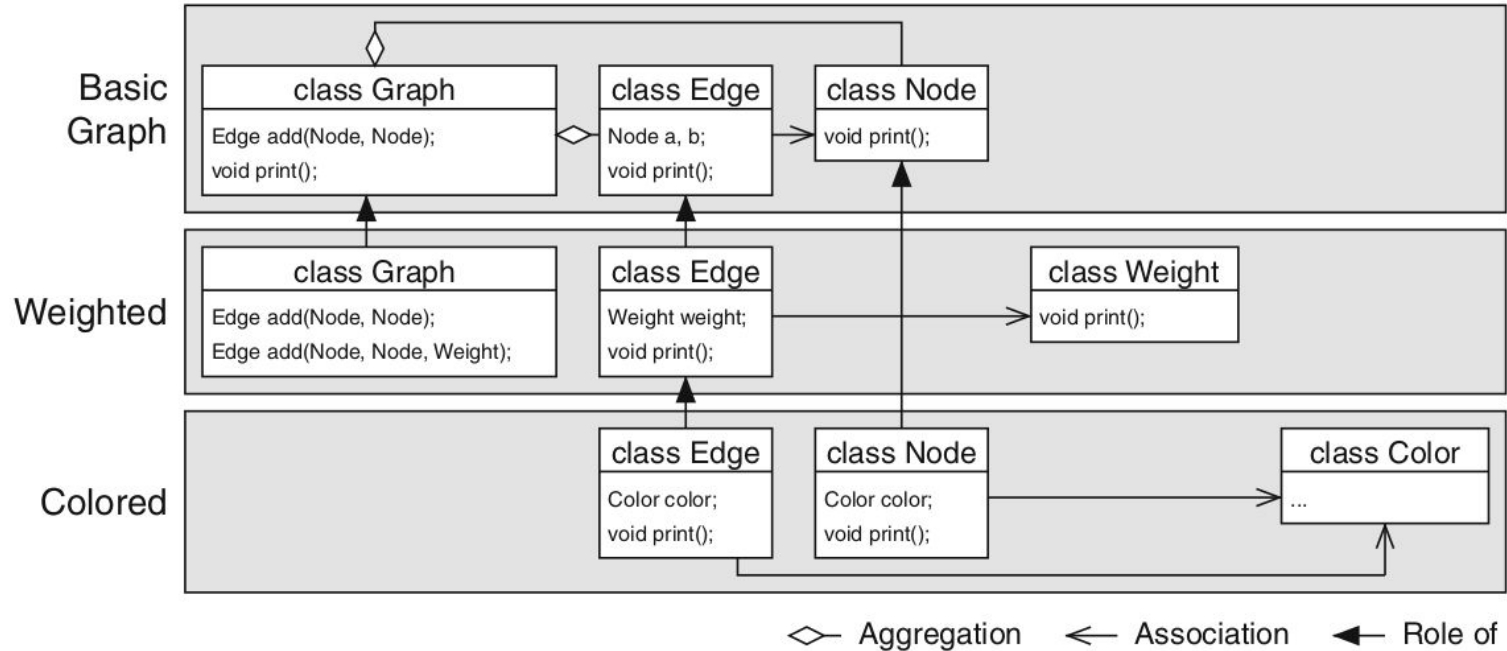
In OMR

- ✓ Facilitates communication between developers
- ✗ Requires massive refactoring effort
- ✗ Does not address all requirements (e.g., enum extensions)

Existing mechanisms: **Feature-oriented Programming**



Existing mechanisms: Feature-oriented Programming



Existing mechanisms: Feature-oriented Programming

```
1 layer BasicGraph;
2
3 class Graph {
4   Vector nodes = new Vector();
5   Vector edges = new Vector();
6   Edge add(Node n, Node m) {
7     Edge e = new Edge(n, m);
8     nodes.add(n);
9     nodes.add(m);
10    edges.add(e);
11    return e;
12  }
13  void print() {
14    for(int i = 0; i < edges.size(); i++) {
15      ((Edge)edges.get(i)).print();
16      if(i < edges.size() - 1)
17        System.out.print(" , ");
18    }
19  }
20 }
```

Existing mechanisms: Feature-oriented Programming

```
1 layer BasicGraph;
2
3 class Graph {
4   Vector nodes = new Vector();
5   Vector edges = new Vector();
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10    edges.add(e);
11    return e;
12  }
13  void print() {
14    for(int i = 0; i < edges.size(); i++) {
15      ((Edge)edges.get(i)).print();
16      if(i < edges.size() - 1)
17        System.out.print(" , ");
18    }
19  }
20 }
```

```
1 layer Weighted;
2
3 refines class Graph {
4   Edge add(Node n, Node m) {
5     Edge e = Super.add(n, m);
6     e.weight = new Weight();
7     return e;
8   }
9   Edge add(Node n, Node m, Weight w) {
10    Edge e = add(n, m);
11    e.weight = w;
12    return e;
13  }
14 }
```

Existing mechanisms: **Feature-oriented Programming**

Pros

- Good feature traceability
- Separation of concerns

Cons

- Only academic tools so far
- Requires tool support

Existing mechanisms: **Feature-oriented Programming**

Pros

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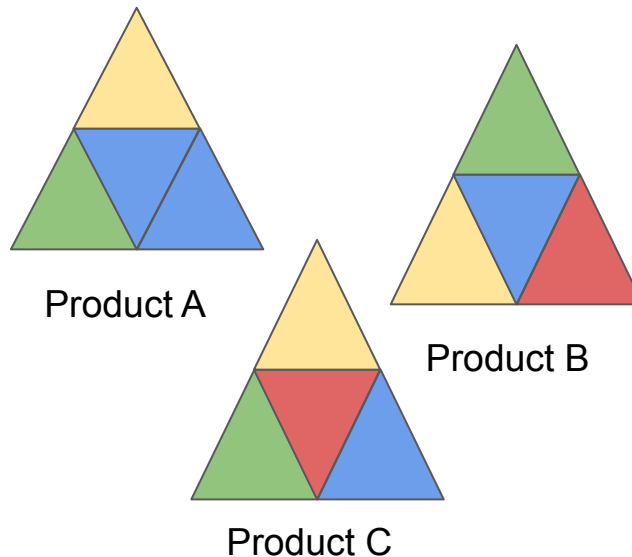
In OMR

- ✓ Makes it simpler to track features
- ✗ Requires a complete rehaul
- ✗ Does not meet all requirements (e.g., enum extensions)

Industrial case studies

Industrial case studies

Most industry case studies focus on **extracting a software product line** from a set of end products.



Examples include **MLPolyR** [1] and **Polyglot** [2].

References:

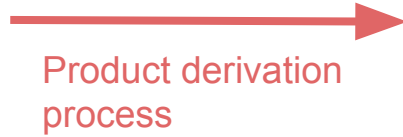
1. W. Chae and M. Blume, "Building a Family of Compilers," *SPLC '08*, Limerick, 2008.
2. Polyglot Extensible Compiler Framework, <https://github.com/polyglot-compiler/polyglot>.

Industrial case studies

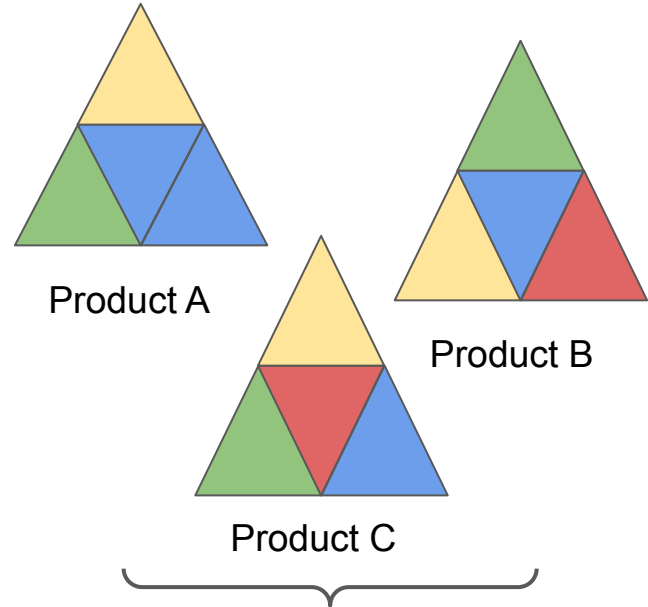
In OMR, we are trying to re-engineer an already **existing highly-configurable system**.



*JIT, GC,
pthread-like lib*



*Build system (CMake) and
the C-preprocessor*



*OpenJ9, Ruby+OMR, SmallTalk,
etc.*

Observation

Off-the-shelf mechanisms are not applicable for OMR.

Observation

Off-the-shelf mechanisms are not applicable for OMR.



Instead, tackle problems in an incremental manner.

Back to
C++ Enum/Union Extensibility Problem

C++ enum/union extensibility problem

Potential solutions

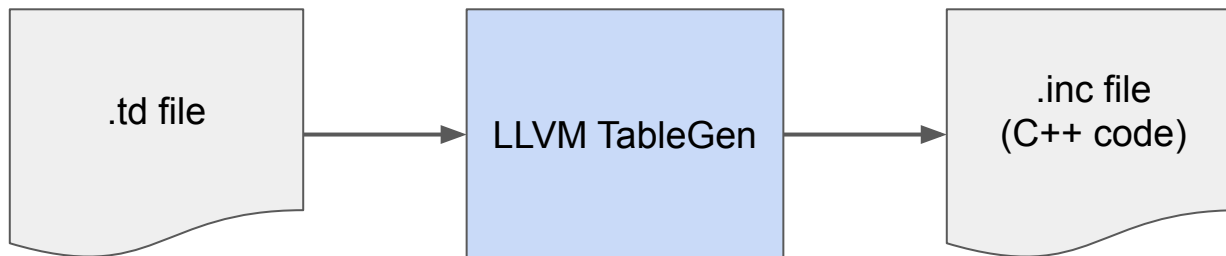
Direction I:
Domain-specific
language (DSL)

Direction II:
The C preprocessor
and macros

References:

- <https://github.com/eclipse/omr/issues/4519>
- <https://github.com/eclipse/omr/pull/4915>
- <https://youtu.be/21yPv8GsvY4>

DSL Solution I: Custom DSL



```
def GR32 : RegisterClass<[i32], 32,  
    [EAX, ECX, EDX, ESI, EDI, EBX, EBP, ESP,  
    R8D, R9D, R10D, R11D, R14D, R15D, R12D, R13D]> { ... }
```

Reference:

- <https://llvm.org/docs/TableGen/>
- <https://www.aosabook.org/en/llvm.html>

DSL Solution I: Custom DSL

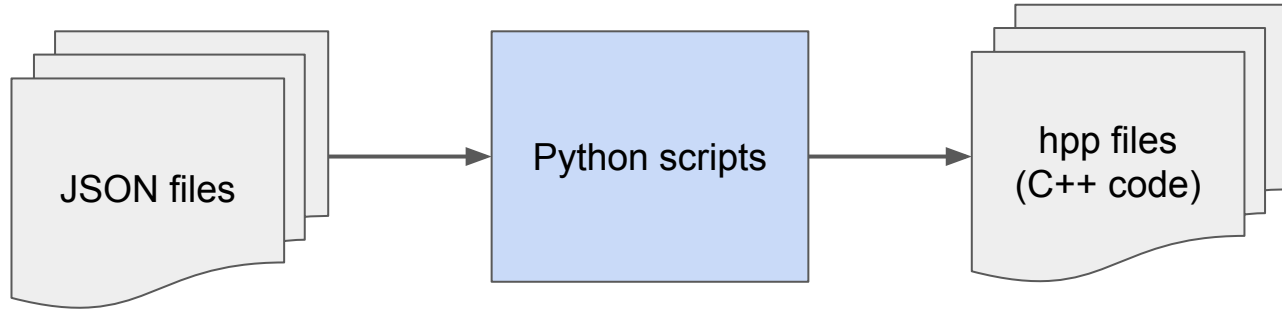
Pros

- Makes code more reusable
- Easier to track information (e.g., opcode props)

Cons

- Requires tool support (e.g., parser)
- OMR devs and clients will have to learn the DSL
- May add unnecessary deps

DSL Solution II: Python + JSON



DSL Solution II: Python + JSON

Pros

- No need to track C++ headers anymore
- Easier to change/extend opcodes and their props
- JSON is easy to understand and use

Cons

- Requires Python on multiple platforms as well as build servers
- Clients will have to have Python on their platform
- May add unnecessary deps

The C preprocessor (macro) based solution

```
#define FOR_EACH_OPCODE(MACRO) \  
    // Opcode A  
    MACRO("iconst", 1) \  
  
    // Opcode B  
    MACRO("fconst", 2) \  
  
    ...  
#endif
```

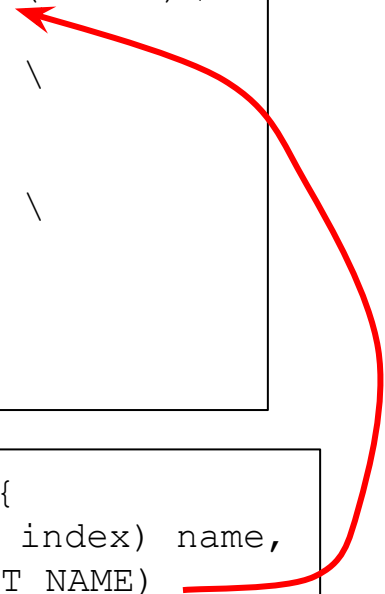
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    MACRO("fconst", 2) \  
  
    ...  
#endif
```

```
const char* names[] = {  
#define GET_NAME(name, index) name,  
    FOR_EACH_OPCODE(GET_NAME)  
#undef GET_NAME  
};
```

The C preprocessor (macro) based solution

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};
```

==

```
const char* names[] = {  
    "iconst",  
    "fconst",  
};
```

Current status of the solution

 fjeremic reviewed 6 days ago

[View changes](#)

compiler/il/OMROpcodes.hpp

```
63 +   MACRO(TR::lconst, "lconst", ILProp1::LoadConst, ILProp2::ValueNumberSh
64 +   MACRO(TR::fconst, "fconst", ILProp1::LoadConst, ILProp2::ValueNumberSh
```

 eclipse / [omr](#)

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[Code](#) [Issues 602](#) [Pull requests 117](#) [Actions](#) [Projects 0](#) [Wiki](#) [Security](#) [Insights](#)

Centralize opcode enum #4915

[Edit](#)

ty of these
s we could

 Open oneturkmen wants to merge 2 commits into [eclipse:master](#) from [oneturkmen:centralize-opcode-enum](#)

 Conversation 3  Commits 2  Checks 0  Files changed 2

+831 -11,949



 oneturkmen commented 7 days ago

[Contributor](#)  ...

Issue: [#4519](#)

Refactoring one header file at a time.

Optimizer

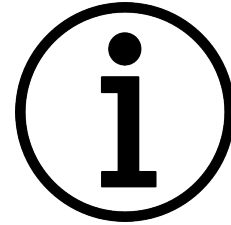
Reviewers

 fjeremic  
 Leonardo2718  
 vijaysun-omr  

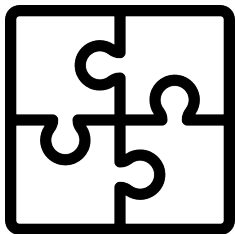
Current status of the solution

Header file containing **735 opcodes**,
each containing **14 properties**.

Replace the old content of **12 header files** with a **single macro** in each.

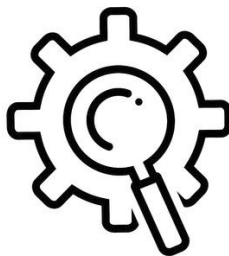


Lessons learned



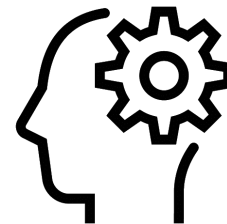
Understanding the bigger picture

There is more constraints and challenges we did not know about



Practical considerations

There is no one-fits-all solution



Large rehaults require expert knowledge

Deep knowledge of each piece of the code base is sometimes required

Acknowledgements

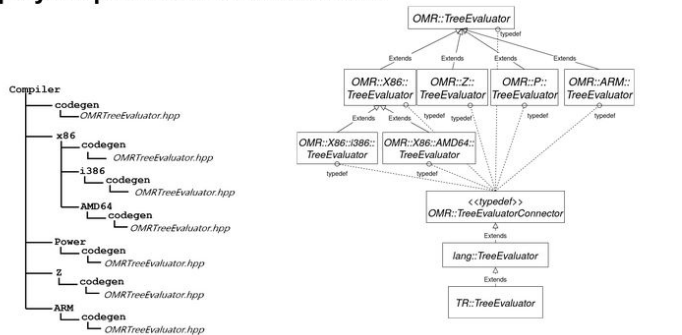
Special thanks go to:

- **Xiaoli Liang**
- **Nazim Bhuiyan**
- **Daryl Maier**

Summary

OMR's variability mechanism

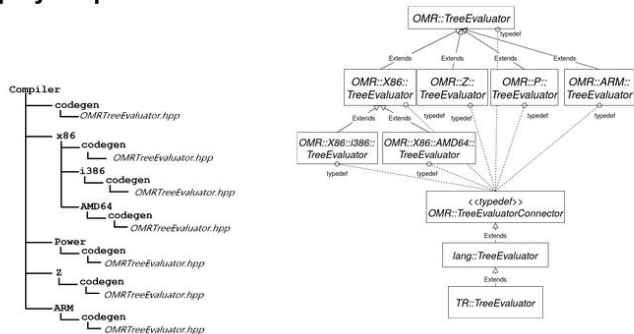
Static polymorphism/extensible classes



```
1 TR::TreeEvaluator * OMR::TreeEvaluator::self()  
2 {  
3     return static_cast<TR::TreeEvaluator *>(this);  
4 }
```

Summary

OMR's variability mechanism
Static polymorphism/extensible classes



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OMR:TreeEvaluator

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C++ Enum/Union Extensibility Problem

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OpcodeEnum.hpp

OpcodeProps.hpp

```
// Opcode A
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/* .properties1 = */ ILProp1::LoadConst,
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},
```

```
// Opcode B
{
/* .name      = */ "lconst",
...
},
// ...
```

21

Challenges, constraints, and requirements

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Static polymorphism/extensible classes

OMR::TreeEvaluator

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OpcodeEnum.hpp

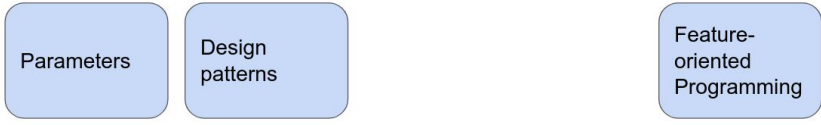
OpcodeProps.hpp

```
// Opcode A  
{  
  /* .name      = */ "iconst",  
  /* .properties1 = */ ILProp1::Load  
  /* other props ...*/  
},  
  
// Opcode B  
{  
  /* .name      = */ "lconst",  
  ...  
},  
// ...
```

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Challenges, constraints, and requirements

Exploring alternatives



Fine-grained

Coarse-grained

+ *Compile-time, load-time, and run-time*

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Summary

Challenges, constraints, and requirements

OMR's variability mechanism
Static polymorphism/extensible classes

OMR::TreeEvaluator

Requirements Example
C++ Enum/Union Extensibility Problem

Opcodes.hpp

OpcodesProps.hpp

C++ enum/union extensibility problem
Potential solutions

Direction I:
Domain-specific
language (DSL)

Direction II:
The C preprocessor
and macros

References:

- <https://github.com/eclipse/omr/issues/4519>
- <https://github.com/eclipse/omr/pull/4915>
- <https://youtu.be/Z1vPv8GsvY4>

Exploring alternatives

Parameters

Design
patterns

Feature-
oriented
Programming

ed

Coarse-grained

e-time, load-time, and run-time

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OpcodeProps.hpp

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Parameters

Design patterns

Feature-oriented Programming

Coarse-grained

C++ enum/union extensibility problem
Potential solutions

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Lessons learned



Understanding the bigger picture

There is more constraints and challenges we did not know about



Practical considerations

There is no one-fits-all solution



Large rehaults require expert knowledge

Deep knowledge of each piece of the code base is sometimes required

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Practical icon from ClipDealer
Expertise icon #318416

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Summary

OMR's variability mechanism
Static polymorphism/extensible

C++ enum/union
Potential solution



- References:
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 - <https://github.com/eclipse/omr/pull/4915>
 - <https://youtu.be/21yPv8GsvY4>

OpcodeEnum

The C preprocessor (macro) based solution

```
#define FOR_EACH_OPCODE(MACRO) \
// Opcode A
MACRO("iconst", 1) \
\n
// Opcode B
MACRO("fconst", 2) \
\n
...
#endif
```

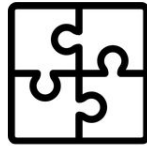
Requirements

for
C++
solutions

No strongly
connected
components
(e.g., templates)

Varying
factors
requirements

Lessons learned



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